Figure Stager, Ph.D.,       gary S. Stager, Ph.D.,         gary S. Stager, Ph.D.	
Resources inventtolearn.com/stlinatl cmkfutures.com @garystager	
I seek to democratize computer programming	
Reasons to Learn to Program • Make things • Make things work • Express yourself • Develop habits of mind • Solve problems • Concretize abstractions • Concretize abstractions • Contextualize mathematics • Mirrors the writing process and various design cycles • You can do it by yourself or with others • "Hard fun"	
Jobs / careers     © 2018 Gary Stager - cmkfutures.com	aor

Most "technology" in schools compares badly to clay or paint



Programming does not

# Middle School Me





#### Personal Computing (1990)











#### Lessons from Summer Camp and the early days of 1:1 computing

- Boys and girls enjoy computer programming and will choose to engage in it under the right non-coercive conditions, especially when computers are abundant and personal
- · Computer programming is intellectually and creatively rewarding
- · When you don't know what's impossible, anything is possible
- Programming is a vehicle for matching a child's potential capacity for intensity
   Debugging is an essential skill
- Programming may be social and collaborative, but fundamentally it is a conversation between you and the computer. It concretizes abstractions.
- The computer is material with which you can make things, ideas, and control the world
- Every kid and their teachers could learn to program across disciplines
  Quality work takes time
- · Programming justifies having computers in schools

Under what conditions could recreational computing return?	
I thought that maybe the maker movement was the key to this renaissance	
We can make things with atoms, but we left the bits behind again	
"There is no expedient to which man will not resort to evade the real labor of thinking." - Sir Johlma Reynolds	

"We have spent an enormous amount of time and energy justifying not teaching kids to program"

## Sound familiar?

The phrase, "technology and education" usually means inventing new gadgets to teach the same old stuff in a thinly disguised version of the same old way. Moreover, if the gadgets are computers, the same old teaching becomes incredibly more expensive and biased towards its dumbest parts, namely the kind of rote learning in which measurable results can be obtained by treating the children like pigeons in a skinner box.

"Teaching children Thinking"

Seymour Papert, 1971

The literal problem with CS4All

We need to be able to hold two thoughts simultaneously...

Every kid needs to program across the curriculum
 Bonus - computation is always involved

 Some children will choose computer science as their project and need formal course offerings available to them

If our goals are as modest as increasing achievement in the existing math curriculum, we would teach every child to program computers.	
Computational thinking without computers is just math	
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"The activities introduce students to Computational Thinking through concepts such as binary numbers, algorithms and data compression, separated from the distractions and technical details of having to use computers. Importantly, no programming is required to engage with these ideas!" (CS Unplugged: 2016)	

## Four Ways "CS Unplugged" Gets Learning Wrong The activities introduce students to Computational Thinking through concepts such as binary numbers, algorithms and data compression, segarated from the distractions and technical details of having to use computers. Importantly, no programming is required to engage with these ideals" (rcs lungages 2010)

- 1. The fallacy that you cannot enjoy dessert without eating your
- vegetables first. 2. The debatable idea that binary numbers, algorithms, or data compression are appropriate or important curricular topics for young people, especially if there will no actual coding involved.
- involved.
  3. There is an implicit suggestion that these topics are easier to learn without programming or are even relevant in the absence of coding.
  4. When "distractions and technical details" are used as an excuse for coding without computers, the writer presents an incorrect notion of cognitive development. Introducing these topics without the context of computing makes them more abstract not loss: abstract, not less.



For when modeling is possible, but the programming is too difficult



**Stephen Wolfram** Howard Gardner

## **Computational Thinking**





"We do a little Scratch"		
Fluency is the Goal		
4 Forms of Programming		
1. Make things (a game, simulation, thing,		
<ol> <li>Contextualizing mathematics</li> </ol>		
3. Instrumental purposes		
4. Physical computing (programming the world)		
Two Types of Languages		
//		
<ul> <li>Programming languages</li> <li>Programming languages for learning</li> </ul>		
Vocational education vs. The liberal arts		

Teacher confusion False complexity	
DEBUGGING	
From MindstormsWany shiften are held back in their learning the sause they of the sause of the sau	
Modern knowledge construction is inseparable from	

The standards are at best premature	
Premature Irrational Assessment Disorder	
Slow Down! What's your hurry?	
Fluency is the Goal	

Less is more!	
What is the smallest seed I can plant?	
Generative vs. iterative processes	
Elegance emerges from experience	

"Block" Programming	
Any Questions?	
Any Questions?	
Research	

Building on these successes, national curricular efforts in the United States are starting to incorporate block-based programming into instructional materials alongside, or in place of, conventional text-based programming. To understand if this decision is helping learners from historically underrepresented populations succeed in computing classes, this pape presented in both block-based and text-based motivations presented in both block-based and text-based motalities. A comparative analysis shows that while all students perform better when questions are presented in the block-based form, female students and students from historically underrepresented minorities as w the largest improvements. This finding suggests historically marginalized in computing.

Text? How Programming Language Modality Makes a Difference in Assessing Underrepresented Populations" by David Weintrop, Heather Killen, and Baker Franke (2018)



Programming is a way of seeing









#### You can find inspiration everywhere



Islamic Tiling Art, Math, History, Language Arts, Computer Science?



Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art



Programming in Turtle Art

# Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art





Crop Turtle Art image in Preview



Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art

Extrude in Tinkercad



# Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art







Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art



## Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art



Hand paint

# Digital to Analog Mathematics to Art







#### Slow-feed Dog Bowls

We are working on our dog box againt My 11 and y avar dosh nu flag and the start of the start of the figure out the nature and my 11 drew 8 to the her and septement lastened from the other room wi both the start here and septement both in the start of the start of the both. I'm also helping my local Mathreadum gath their and my local my local and the start of the start on Turtle Art. There and, and the start play with Turtle Art. I will have the and the delay start you the same start of the delay start you the same start of the delay start of the same start of the same play with Turtle Art. I will have the













"To the extent that Logo "failed," it failed because the teachers never understood the mathematics the children were doing."















# Programming the World

In our image of a school computation laboratory, an important role is played by numerous "controller ports" which allow any student to plug any device into the computer... The laboratory will have a supply of motors, solenoids, relays, sense devices of various kids, etc. Using them, the students will be able to invent and build an endless variety of cybernetic systems.

(Papert & Solomon, Twenty Things to Do with a Computer. 1971)





## Future Ready?



#### The Disappointing State of Computers in Education

"Why then should computers in schools be confined to computing the sums of the first twenty-odd numbers and similar so-called problem solving uses? Why not use them to produce some action? There is no better reason than the intellectual timidity of the computers-in-education community, which seems remarkably reluctant to use computers for any purpose that fails to look like something that has been taught in schools for the past centuries."

- Papert & Solomon, 1971

### Back to School?

The near future is uncertain

Resources are scarce

 The best makerspace is between your ears! Programming is the perfect COVID-19 makerspace.

· Kids have nothing but time

 Computer programming is the answer!



Resources related to this presentation may be found at inventtolearn.com/STLinATL

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